

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) An aggregate wind power capacity of about 37.5 MW has been installed in the country including 31.6 MW in demonstration wind farm projects. The aggregate capacity comprises 14.15 MW in Gujarat, 19 MW in Tamil Nadu, 1.19 MW each in Maharashtra and Orissa, 0.55 MW each in Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka, 0.64 MW in Madhya Pradesh, 0.10 MW in Kerala, 0.11 MW in Goa and 0.02 MW in Lakshadweep. In addition, a capacity of 7.32 MW, comprising 2.60 MW in Gujarat, 3.22 MW in Tamil Nadu and 1.50 MW in Maharashtra, is under installation. Under the wind pump demonstration programme, over 2700 shallow well wind pumps have been installed in various parts of the country; in addition, 240 deep well pumps are under installation. A wind survey programme is being implemented in 21 States and Union Territories. A wind battery charging demonstration programme has also been undertaken in several States. No targets are fixed under wind energy demonstration programmes.

(b) and (c). A wind farm capacity of 20 MW has been established under a bilateral agreement with the Government of Denmark. A protocol has also been signed with the Soviet Union for cooperation in the wind energy sector.

Construction of Additional Passenger Sheds at Vijayawada Station

*419. SHRI SOBHANA DRESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is heavy rush of seasonal agricultural labour and other passengers at Vijayawada station and the capacity of the existing waiting hall (Main) is much

less causing inconvenience to the passengers;

(b) if so, whether the Government propose to construct additional passenger sheds in the station premises and the time by which these are likely to be constructed; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF RAILWAYS (SHRI C. K. JAFFER SHARIEF): (a) to (c). The area of the existing waiting hall and the platform shelters provided at Vijayawada station is adequate to meet the requirement of passengers including the rush of seasonal agricultural labour. As such, there is no proposal to construct additional passenger sheds at the station.

[*Translation*]

LPG Facilities in Rural Areas of Delhi

*420. SHRI SAJJAN KUMAR: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have formulated any scheme to provide LPG facilities in rural areas of Delhi;

(b) if so, the number of gas agencies opened during the last year and the locations thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) to (c). As per the present policy new LPG agencies are being set up in a phased manner depending upon economic viability and product availability, in towns and cities having a population of 20,000 and above. No agency has been opened in the rural areas of Delhi in the last one year.

Supply of Kerosene to Orissa

2941. DR. KARTIKESWAR PATRA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

- (a) the actual demand and supply position of kerosene in Orissa as on March 31, 1991 and June 30, 1991; and
- (b) the steps taken/proposed to be taken to meet the demand of kerosene in Orissa on a long-term basis?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKAR-ANAND): (a) and (b). Kerosene allocation to all States/UTs are made on a historical basis subject to the availability of the product. 12, 249 and 11, 960 tonnes of kerosene were supplied to Orissa during March and June, 1991 respectively.

Supply of Natural Gas to Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation

2942. SHRI SOBHANA DRESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Oil and Natural Gas Commission has any plan to supply natural gas free of cost for a few months to Visakhapatnam refinery for being compressed as fuel to be supplied to the Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation buses as is being done in the case of the Cholam Transport Corporation of Tamil Nadu;

- (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKAR-ANAND): (a) to (c). No, Sir. No demand in

this respect has been received by Oil and Natural Gas Commission (ONGC) from either Visakhapatnam refineries or from Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation.

Container Depot at Vijayawada

2943. SHRI SOBHANA DRESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to set up an Inland container Depot at Vijayawada; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI MAL-LIKARJUN): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

[Translation]

Rural Electrification in Delhi

2944. SHRI SAJJAN KUMAR: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) the number of electrified and unelectrified villages in Delhi;

(b) whether the Government have conducted any survey in this regard during 1991-92;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to provide electricity in the remaining villages?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI

[Sh. Rajnath Sonkar Shastri]

way the Arab Sheikh treated Ameena is before all of us. I would like the hon. Minister of Home Affairs to make a statement in the House regarding the purchase of children by these Arab Sheikhs and also take stringent measures to prevent such incidents in future.

[*English*]

SHRI MANORANJAN BHAKTA (Andaman-Nicobar): Mr. Speaker, Sir, I have received information that the MD Soloman Vessel belonging to the Tribals Cooperative Society of Car Nicobar has been grounded near Sagar Island. And since the last eight days, in spite of their best efforts, the Calcutta Port Trust Authority, CIWTC and other agencies are not extending any kind of assistance for salvaging that vessel. The Vessel has got a full load of cargo and there are crew members aboard that Vessel. They are running from pillar to post to get all kind of assistance for the salvage of the Vessel. But, unfortunately, no instruction has been given from the Central Government or any other authority to extend this facility. I would like to draw the attention of the House, particularly Shri Arjun Singh to this aspect, who is present here. It is a question of life and death. The tribals, particularly the Tribals Cooperative Society has acquired with great difficulty this Vessel. The Vessel is now in difficulty. So, instructions should be issued to the Chairman, Calcutta Port Trust and also the Chairman, CIWTC, to render all kind of assistance so that the crew members can be salvaged, the Vessel can be salvaged and the Tribals Cooperative Society can also be salvaged.

MR. SPEAKER: You have requested more than once.

SHRI MANORANJAN BHAKTA: I urge upon the Government to issue the instructions immediately. This is a serious matter. The Vessel has been grounded and the crew members are there.

SHRI ARJUN SINGH: You kindly come

to me. I will get the details and bring them to the notice of the hon. Minister.

SHRI SOBHANA DREESWARA RAO VADDE (Vijayawada): Through you I draw the attention of the Government to a very longstanding demand of a very large number of people for setting up a UPSC examination centre at Vijayawada. A very large number of educational institutions are located in the coastal Andhra. And many people, especially the candidates, who have to appear in the UPSC examination, are expected to go to Hyderabad and spend a lot of money. There is a long standing representation before the Government. I urge upon the Government through you to examine that aspect and take necessary steps to sanction an examination centre to conduct UPSC examinations at Vijayawada.

[*Translation*]

SHRI ARVIND NETAM (Kanker): Mr. Speaker, Sir, everyday a large number of people are dying of cholera in the Chattisgarh region of Madhya Pradesh, particularly in Bastar, Raipur and Durg districts. Doctors and medicines are not available in most of the remote areas. Even where the medicines are available, it has been found that they were ineffective. In the absence of Doctors and Medicines, the State Government is finding itself in a helpless situation so far as providing relief to the patients is concerned. If the disease is not checked in time, chances are that the situation may get out of control. Through you, I request the Prime Minister to provide all possible central assistance on the form of doctors and medicines immediately, to provide relief to the affected. I would also request the hon. Minister of Health to visit the Chattisgarh region, like he visited Himachal Pradesh, to oversee that the people receive immediate relief.

SHRI ANNA JOSHI (Pune): Two former UP Ministers had links with the controversial Bank of Credit and Commerce International (BCCI). The State Government had been informed about the Ministers' links about two years ago, but the Congress

vey 1988-89 and 1989-90 placed on the Table of the House on 15-3-1990 and 27-2-1991 respectively.

Expansion of AIR, Aurangabad

3071. SHRI MORESHWAR SAVE: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to increase the capacity of Aurangabad radio station;

(b) whether the Government propose to set up a Vividh Bharati station in Marathwada region;

(c) whether the Government propose to increase the transmission capabilities of Parbhani radio station; and

(d) if so, the time by which the proposals are likely to be implemented?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (KUMARI GIRIJA VYAS): (a) and (b) No, Sir. There are no such proposals under the consideration of the Government at present.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The augmented studio facilities have been made technically ready.

Items distributed through Public Distribution System

3072. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the items of public consumption distribution through the Public Distributed System, Statewise;

(b) whether subsidised clothes i.e. Sarees and Dhotees are also being supplied to the poor consumer; and

(c) the financial burden on the Union and the State Governments in operating the Public Distribution System, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI KAMALUDDIN AHMED): (a) The Central Government allocates to the State Governments/UT Administrations, for supply through Public Distribution System (PDS), key essential commodities like wheat, rice, levy sugar, imported edible oils and soft coke. State Governments/UT Administrations are free to add additional items of mass consumption for distribution by using PDS outlets.

(b) Subsidised clothes like Sarees and Dhotees are distributed to the consumers through various outlets.

(c) The expenditure incurred in subsidising the distribution of wheat and rice in the year 1990-91 was about Rs. 2142 Crores.

Statistics regarding State-wise expenditure on subsidise and the State Governments' own expenditure on operating the PDS are not maintained in this Ministry.

[Translation]

Priority to SC/ST for allotment of Fair Price Shops

3073. SHRI RAM NARAIN BERWA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to direct the State Governments

[English]

Agricultural Programmes on Doordarshan

3150. SHRI V. SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) the number of hours allocated to various sectors such as commercial advertising, news, arts, health and family welfare, agriculture etc. in Doordarshan;

(b) whether the Government propose to increase the time allocated for agricultural programmes in Doordarshan to propagate the adoption of the latest technology by the farmers;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (KUMARI GIRIJA VYAS) : (a) According to Doordarshan, time allotted to agricultural programmes is about 101 hours per month. The time allotted for news is around 713 hours per month. Information regarding programmes on health, art, family welfare etc. are not maintained centrally in a compiled form. Most of the Doordarshan Kendras mount programmes on a fixed weekly frequency, on health and family welfare for a duration of 15 to 20 minutes, the time devoted for telecast of programmes on other aspects like art, craft varies depending upon the topicality, viewers interest and the programme requirement of the Doordarshan. Doordarshan can make available upto 10% of the total transmission time for commercial advertisements.

However, at present, only 2.5% of the transmission time is being utilised for commercial advertisements.

(b) to (d) Through agriculture programmes, efforts are being made by Doordarshan to acquaint the farmers with the adoption of latest technology in agriculture. However, there is no proposal to increase the time already allocated to agricultural programmes keeping in view the limited transmission hours and other programme commitment/requirement of Doordarshan.

Export Order to PFPL

3151. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE : Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state :

(a) whether Pepsi Cola International has placed an export order for 3.6 million dollars to Pepsi Foods Private Limited (PFPL) in India;

(b) if so, the details of the export order on various items;

(c) whether these items are being produced in the units of PFPL in India; and

(d) if so, to what extent?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO) : (a) As per the information furnished by the Company, Pepsi Cola International have given M/s Pepsi Foods Pvt. Ltd., an export order advance of US \$ 13.6 million.

(b) to (d) As per the information furnished by the Company, the Company envisages to export the following items as per their export plan for the current financial year :

Item	Value (Rs. in lakhs)	Countries
Tomato Paste	310.00	Australia/Philippines/Singapore/USA/ Saudi Arabia
Tea	130.00	Europe, Middle East
Marine Products	130.00	Japan/USA
Rice	1010.00	Middle East/Saudi Arabia/USA
Cashew, RBE seeds/ spices, Guar gum, seafood, pepper etc.	823.00	
	2403.00	

In addition, the order will also include export of soft drink concentrate, glass bottles, trucks, promotional materials, etc.

Tomato paste and soft drink concentrate would be produced in plants set up by M/s Pepsi Foods Pvt. Ltd.

[*Translation*]

Per Capita Income of Rajasthan

3152. SHRI GIRDHARI LAL BIHARGAVA: Will the MINISTER OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) the per capita income of Rajasthan at the end of Third Five Year Plan vis-a-vis per capita income of other States;

(b) whether the per capita income of Rajasthan is continuously declining as compared to the per capita income of other States; and

(c) if so, the reasons therefor and the remedial steps taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI H. R. BIHARDWAD):

(a) Per capita income at current prices of Rajasthan at the end of Third Five Year Plan i.e. for 1965-66 was Rs. 373/-. State-wise comparative position of per capita income at current prices of other States is given in the Statement.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

Productivity per person in Public Sector Undertakings

3213. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Public Sector Undertakings as on March 31, 1991, the capital invested in each undertaking and the number of persons working in each such undertaking;

(b) whether any study has been conducted to assess whether the productivity per person is increasing progressively in various Public Sector Undertakings; and

(c) if so, the salient features of the study?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI P. K. THUNGON): (a) There were 244 Central Public Sector Enterprises as on 31-3-1990 upto which period only the information is available. Investment and number of working person in each Public Sector Enterprises as on 31-3-1990 are given at page S-93 to S-103 and S-80 to S-85 respectively of Volume-I of Public Enterprise Survey 1989-90, placed on the table of the House on 27-2-1991.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

Integrated Rural Energy Plan Programme

3214. Dr. ASIM BALA: Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) the targets and achievements of the Integrated Rural Energy Plan Programme since the beginning of the programme;

(b) the type of data-base created to integrate micro-level energy requirement planning, taking block as a unit with that of Macro level planning for judicious allocation of resources;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether the Government propose to include the Integrated Rural Energy Plan Programme having similar contents and approach in the Eighth Five Year Plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ):

(a) Integrated Rural Energy Planning Programme was taken up by the Planning commission on a pilot basis in 20 blocks in 8 states during the Sixth Five Year Plan. By the end of Seventh Plan the programme was expected to be extended in 200 blocks. This has been achieved. During 1990-91, another 24 blocks were added.

(b) Under this programme, block level project documents are prepared after survey of the block. Data contained in 105 block level project documents have been compiled in the form of a report and stored in the computer. The data include geographic and demographic characteristics, various socio-economic parameters, pattern of existing energy consumption and assessment of energy resources. A computer model is being developed for integrating micro level plans with the macro level plan for Rural Energy Sector for the 8th Plan.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) Yes, Sir. The Eighth Plan is in the process of preparation.

[English]

Mysterious Killer Disease

3324. SHRI M. V. CHANDRA-SHEKARA MURTHY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether any cause of the mysterious killer disease in the capital has been found out;

(b) if so, the details thereof and if not, the steps taken to establish the cause of the disease;

(c) whether the Doctors of Batra Hospital, New Delhi and its medical research centre claim to have found the reasons of the disease and diagnosis thereof;

(d) if so, the details thereof and whether the claim has been counter checked; and

(e) the steps proposed to be taken to modernise the testing system of blood etc. in various Government Hospitals in the capital to check the disease?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI-MATI D.K. THARADEVI SID-DHARTHA): (a) and (b) There is no mystery about the disease. It has been diagnosed as Heat-Hyper-Pyrexia.

(c) and (d) Batra Hospital, New Delhi, have treated Viral Encephalitis called Herpese Simplex Encephalitis, which is a different disease altogether.

(e) Government hospitals have good testing system of blood.

Amendments to Copyright Act

3325. SHRI SATYAGOPAL MISRA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to amend the Copyright Act, so as to preserve the authenticity of the writings of Vishwakavi Rabindra Nath Tagore;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) to (c) The provisions of the Copyright Act, 1957 are being reviewed comprehensively.

Shramik Vidyapeeths in Andhra Pradesh

3326. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Shramik Vidyapeeths alongwith their location functioning in Andhra Pradesh;

(b) whether the Government propose to open Shramik Vidyapeeths at Kakinada and Eluru during the Eighth Plan period;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) There are Five Shramik Vidyapeeths working in Andhra Pradesh. They are located in Visakhapatnam, Vijaywada, Guntur, Hyderabad & Ranga Reddy.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise, Sir.

(d) No proposal has been received either from the State Government of Andhra Pradesh or from any voluntary organisation.

(d) the amount spent thereon, State-wise ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH) : (a) The extent of wastelands in the country, including cultivable wastelands, fallows and pastures, according to one estimate, is given in the attached Statement-I.

Wasteland and Pastures

3327. SHRI V. SUBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE : Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state :

(a) the latest estimated extent of cultivable wasteland, fallows and pastures; state-wise;

(b) the steps taken to bring these lands under cultivation/Tree cover during the Seventh Five Year Plan period;

(c) the target fixed and the actual results achieved in this respect, State-wise; and

(b) to (d) Under the Wastelands Development Programme, the thrust is on undertaking afforestation and tree planting activities, specially for raising fuelwood and fodder, on degraded lands. The statewise targets and achievements of afforestation and tree-planting during the VII Five Year Plan are given in the attached Statement-II. The amounts spent State-wise on these activities during the VII Five Year Plan is given in the attached statement-III.

STATEMENT-I

Estimates of wastelands in India (in lakh hectares)

States/UT	Total
Andhra Pradesh	114.16
Assam	17.30
Bihar	54.58
Gujarat	78.36
Haryana	24.78
Himachal Pradesh	19.58
Jammu and Kashmir	15.65
Karnataka	91.65
Kerala	12.79
Madhya Pradesh	201.42
Maharashtra	144.01
Manipur	14.38
Meghalaya	19.18
Nagaland	13.86
Orissa	63.84
Punjab	12.30
Rajasthan	199.34
Sikkim	2.81
Tamil Nadu	80.61
Tripura	9.73
Uttar Pradesh	80.61
West Bengal	25.36
UTs	36.04
Total	1295.74

N. B.—The above estimate is not based on a country-wise survey of all wastelands in the country.

STATEMENT-II

Statewise/Yearwise targets and achievements for afforestation/tree planting activities under 20-Point Programme during the Seventh Five Year Plan

(Area in Hectare)

No.	States/U.Ts.	1985-86		1986-87		1987-88	
		Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Andhra Pradesh	130000.00	157800.00	150000.00	143707.50	150000.00	152567.00
2	Arunachal Pradesh	5000.00	5150.00	6250.00	6254.00	6250.00	6352.00
3	Assam	20000.00	19800.00	20000.00	31250.00	25000.00	24893.50
4	Bihar	75000.00	76150.00	130000.00	135550.00	175000.00	157600.00
5	Goa	1600.00	2250.00	3750.00	3396.50	3750.00	3735.00
6	Gujarat	127500.00	124850.00	81550.00	113550.00	112500.00	107075.00
7	Haryana	47500.00	46850.00	36250.00	37079.00	30000.00	19000.00
8	Himachal Pradesh	27500.00	33600.00	31250.00	33564.00	30000.00	30754.50
9	Jammu & Kashmir	17500.00	23350.00	26100.00	28526.00	25250.00	20003.00
10	Karnataka	125000.00	127300.00	126000.00	115837.00	125000.00	157610.50
11	Kerala	30000.00	58300.00	60000.00	75962.00	85000.00	77772.00
12	Madhya Pradesh	175000.00	175050.00	185000.00	196000.00	200000.00	204523.00
13	Maharashtra	100000.00	108250.00	120000.00	119085.00	130000.00	153998.00
14	Manipur	6000.00	6250.00	8000.00	7400.00	8500.00	9012.50
15	Meghalaya	6500.00	6550.00	7500.00	7900.00	7500.00	11878.50
16	Mizoram	35000.00	35000.00	56400.00	23902.50	36250.00	13875.00
17	Nagaland	9000.00	13450.00	17500.00	27175.00	10000.00	10000.00
18	Orissa	157100.00	96500.00	120000.00	116336.00	130000.00	117002.50
19	Punjab	26350.00	29500.00	27500.00	28379.50	22500.00	24776.00
20	Rajasthan	41000.00	47900.00	55000.00	67051.50	60000.00	58693.50
21	Sikkim	4100.00	4100.00	5500.00	5751.50	6000.00	6693.50
22	Tamil Nadu	55000.00	60750.00	120000.00	99064.00	120000.00	95587.00
23	Tripura	7500.00	10000.00	16000.00	13150.00	13000.00	13356.50
24	Uttar Pradesh	162500.00	177400.00	225000.00	243250.00	210000.00	221035.50
25	West Bengal	55000.00	55750.00	70000.00	70800.00	70000.00	69554.00
26	A & N Islands	4750.00	4750.00	6000.00	6116.00	5000.00	5021.50
27	Chandigarh	145.00	76.00	170.00	191.50	170.00	179.50
28	D & N Haveli	1500.00	1550.00	2500.00	1760.00	2000.00	1561.00
29	Daman & Diu	—	—	—	—	1250.00	26.50
30	Delhi	1250.00	1250.00	1500.00	3151.50	1500.00	903.00
31	Lakshadweep	2.00	12.50	6.00	14.50	10.00	12.00
32	Pondicherry	500.00	550.00	500.00	646.50	530.00	516.00
		1454797.00	1510038.50	1714226.00	1761301.00	1801960.00	1775567.50

STATEMENT II—contd.

(Area in Hectare)

Sl. No.	States/U.Ts.	1988-89		1989-90		Cumulative for 7th Plan	
		Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement
1	2	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	160000.00	141747.50	160000.00	131757.50	750000.00	727579.50
2	Arunachal Pradesh	7000.00	7050.00	7000.00	6470.50	31500.00	31276.50
3	Assam	30000.00	22193.50	15000.00	16970.00	110000.00	115107.00
4	Bihar	180000.00	180177.00	140000.00	117493.50	700000.00	656970.50
5	Goa	3750.00	3586.50	3750.00	3811.00	16600.00	16879.00
6	Gujarat	130000.00	200680.50	110000.00	194450.00	561550.00	740605.50
7	Haryana	37500.00	31637.50	27500.00	24780.00	178750.00	159346.50
8	Himachal Pradesh	3500.000	34186.50	35000.00	32555.50	158750.00	164760.50
9	Jammu & Kashmir	25000.00	25237.00	17500.00	16190.00	111350.00	113306.00
10	Karnataka	165000.00	154595.50	115000.00	111641.50	655000.00	666984.50
11	Kerala	87500.00	76050.00	25000.00	22743.50	287500.00	310827.50
12	Madhya Pradesh	220000.00	220800.00	195000.00	195742.00	975000.00	992115.00
13	Maharashtra	165000.00	285000.00	207500.00	191860.00	722500.00	858193.00
14	Manipur	10000.00	9948.00	10000.00	11552.00	42500.00	44162.50
15	Meghalaya	13500.00	16488.50	13750.00	14250.00	48750.00	57067.00
16	Mizoram	15000.00	15000.00	15000.00	15000.00	157650.00	102777.50
17	Nagaland	11500.00	11500.00	17500.00	20550.00	65500.00	82675.00
18	Orissa	150000.00	138108.50	80000.00	84287.50	637100.00	552234.50
19	Punjab	25000.00	28730.00	20000.00	20915.50	121350.00	132301.00
20	Rajasthan	65000.00	65500.00	45000.00	45800.00	266000.00	284945.00
21	Sikkim	7500.00	6307.50	7000.00	7193.00	30100.00	30045.50
22	Tamil Nadu	90000.00	90278.50	70000.00	83564.00	455000.00	429243.50
23	Tripura	13000.00	13350.00	13000.00	13500.00	62500.00	63356.50
24	Uttar Pradesh	255000.00	272991.00	275000.00	275012.50	1127500.00	1189689.00
25	West Bengal	90000.00	55600.00	50000.00	51700.00	335000.00	303404.00
26	A & N Islands	5000.00	5379.50	5000.00	5318.50	25750.00	26585.50
27	Chandigarh	200.00	176.50	125.00	104.00	810.00	727.50
28	D & N Haveli	1750.00	1916.00	1500.00	1562.50	9250.00	8349.50
29	Daman & Diu	100.00	63.00	100.00	142.50	1450.00	202.00
30	Delhi	2500.00	3295.00	2500.00	2150.00	9250.00	10749.50
31	Lakshadweep	25.00	112.00	125.00	145.50	168.00	296.50
12	Pondicherry	520.00	523.00	400.00	541.50	2450.00	2777.00
		2001345.00	2118308.50	1684250.00	1719824.00	8656578.00	8885539.50

STATEMENT-III

Statewise/Yearwise utilisation of funds for Afforestation/Tree Planting activities under Point No. 16 of 20-Point Programme during the 7th Five Year Plan

(Rs. in lakhs)

Sl. No.	State/UT's	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90	Total for 7th Five Year Plan
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Andhra Pradesh	2004.59	3436.01	3172.03	3538.00	2174.00	14324.63
2	Arunachal Pradesh	329.48	386.56	396.77	451.75	314.85	1879.41
3	Assam	1303.07	1616.51	1628.54	2128.00	1354.96	8031.08
4	Bihar	7633.56	2363.12	3841.96	5298.00	2085.37	21222.01
5	Goa	100.68	110.35	112.20	118.00	139.15	580.38
6	Gujarat	2445.56	2997.31	2989.86	3168.00	4530.62	16131.35
7	Haryana	1337.58	1395.27	1343.43	1921.50	2347.41	8345.19
8	Himachal Pradesh	1561.97	1675.47	1952.48	2257.50	1619.05	9066.47
9	Jammu & Kashmir	706.33	851.68	960.76	1124.63	1140.77	4784.17
10	Karnataka	2536.31	2259.54	1713.95	2710.50	3938.32	13158.62
11	Kerala	928.82	1789.26	1703.55	2374.00	942.74	7738.37
12	Madhya Pradesh	2714.65	4650.82	4059.17	4672.00	2833.84	18930.48
13	Maharashtra	2539.31	2158.63	3401.37	4194.25	5008.24	17301.80
14	Manipur	199.38	226.07	307.41	403.50	393.32	1529.68
15	Meghalaya	518.32	413.88	623.59	756.00	532.32	2844.11
16	Mizoram	363.74	531.49	535.48	658.00	526.50	2615.21
17	Nagaland	337.64	387.13	492.86	518.00	228.36	1963.99
18	Orissa	1340.46	2051.12	2538.51	2667.25	2718.62	11315.96
19	Punjab	813.97	863.85	859.20	1035.25	1084.22	4656.49
20	Rajasthan	1536.80	3376.13	2847.84	3202.00	3770.90	14733.67
21	Sikkim	182.26	171.06	199.20	235.00	267.52	1055.04
22	Tamil Nadu	2557.92	2703.21	3167.20	3479.50	2329.61	14237.44
23	Tripura	355.36	369.73	424.34	462.75	550.71	2162.89
24	Uttar Pradesh	3817.86	5582.39	6023.12	7589.75	7804.37	30817.49
25	West Bengal	1464.12	2796.26	2025.56	3292.88	1468.44	11047.26
26	A & N Islands	104.20	127.54	153.36	259.50	112.95	757.55
27	Chandigarh	26.85	21.25	23.55	23.50	14.00	109.15
28	D & N Haveli	54.06	52.09	97.97	111.25	96.76	412.13
29	Delhi	43.78	100.35	88.10	45.00	275.99	553.22
30	Daman & Diu	0.00	0.00	12.48	85.50	14.53	112.51
31	Lakshadweep	3.28	7.98	6.56	7.25	10.50	35.57
32	Pondicherry	22.18	36.82	43.63	48.00	58.60	209.23
Total		39884.09	45508.88	47746.03	58836.01	50687.54	242662.55

Minister has told about the availability of gas. And I am explaining that part of it.

MR. SPEAKER: You do not have to make a speech for that. You have to put only the question.

SHRI M.R. JANARTHANAN: Sir, the village ladies are still weeping due to smoke caused due to fire.

MR. SPEAKER: Is that the question? Would you like to ask the Minister whether he will be wiping out their tears or not?

(Interruptions)

SHRI M.R. JANARTHANAN: This question is regarding the rural people...

MR. SPEAKER: If you ask a pointed question, you will get a pointed reply.

SHRI M.R. JANARTHANAN: But the answer given is negative. The answer says that it is not possible. I request that at least in the 8th Plan period, more and more village panchayat headquarters should be given gas agencies, so that the gap in the living standards of the rural people and the urbanites will be reduced. Rural welfare is the main policy of this Government. When this Government says that it is not possible, it is against the wishes of the rural people. That is why I am asking a pertinent question. Without answering negatively, will the Government come forward and say that they will consider it at least during the 8th Five Year Plan?

SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR: We have not answered negatively. We have said that we are continuously making efforts to spread the availability of LPG to rural areas. The hon. member is mixing up the gas which is being produced and a part of the gas which is being flared in our oil fields such as Bombay High with the LPG, which is a constituent and which has to be separately produced. We have a plan for producing more LPG in the country. We have an immediate plan and I have got the figures here. The schemes are being projected over the 8th Five Year Plan and it is our effort to see that the backlog of nearly 70 lakh applications which are already pending for LPG is expeditiously cleared. The question about LPG is different from gas flaring.

As regards gas flaring, we have a different project for that and World Bank project has already been sanctioned. For production of LPG, we have a different programme and I have the details of the programme here.....

MR. SPEAKER: If the question is lengthy, the reply need not be lengthy too.

SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR: Sir, my answer is that depending on the market demand, it will be our effort to see that LPG is made available at the earliest to the largest number of village panchayats.

SHRI PRAFUL PATEL: Time and again, Government has been complaining about the shortage of gas cylinders. Because of the shortage, there is delay in the distribution system. In Bombay High, earlier there was a proposal to supply gas through the existing pipeline of the Bombay Gas Company.

MR. SPEAKER: I think it is something different. This is about the LPG.

SHRI PRAFUL PATEL: If gas is supplied through pipelines, in some areas, there will be that many more cylinders available for distribution in rural areas. Time and again, there is a proposal but the Government has not done anything.

MR. SPEAKER: Only the word 'gas' is common in this. There is nothing else common.

SHRI SHOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: The hon. Minister has said that the Government is taking steps to sanction LPG agencies to those places having a population of 20,000. Is it not a fact that there are several places in Andhra Pradesh with more than 20,000 population and which do not yet have the LPG agencies, whereby the consumers are suffering a lot? I would like to know from the hon. Minister as to what steps the Government is going to take in the near future to sanction LPG agencies to such places which come within the scope of your normal yardstick.

SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR: The hon. Member's presumption is correct. There will be a large number of areas in the country with more than 20,000 population, where there are no agencies. I have answered about the constraints of the

Government. As far as Andhra Pradesh is concerned, there are about 14 lakh consumers already and the waiting list is 3.2 lakhs. I have got the consumer list and the waiting list figures for all the States. The satisfaction of the LPG applicants is met progressively depending upon the supply-demand position and the projected work marketing plan of the oil companies.

[Translation]

SHRI CHHEDI PASWAN : The hon. Minister has stated that due to non-availability of LPG, agencies cannot be allotted to Panchayats. Agencies are set up in areas having population of 20,000 and above. No block in the country has a population of less than 20,000. So in view of this, does the Government propose to set up LPG agencies at block level?

[English]

SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR : Sir, I have already answered that question. There are many areas in the country where there is no gas agency though the population of that area is 20,000. Because of the limited availability of the LPG and constraints in increasing the availability over a time period, we have a marketing plan in each State. The number of LPG dealership is being progressively increased by each of the oil companies. When they make a marketing plan, the hon. Member's concern is being taken into account by the individual oil companies.

[Translation]

SHRI RATILAL VARMA : Mr. Speaker, Sir, hon. Minister has stated that due to non-availability of LPG, agencies cannot be allotted to Panchayats. But orders were issued to release LPG connections in villages four months back. In each village not more than two LPG consumers are there. So gas agencies are not willing to deliver gas cylinders in villages. Is the Government willing to allow gas consumers to collect cylinders on their own?

[English]

M.A. SPEAKER : I don't think this supplementary arises from the main ques-

tion. If you want to reply, I have no objection. He is asking whether you are going to give special concession for the people coming from village.

SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR : There is no such proposal.

SHRI NIRMAL KANTI CHATTERJEE : Sir, to another question regarding gas connection on M.P.s' recommendation, the Minister replied that all the recommendations have been replied to. In fact, it has not happened. Many people have not yet received the gas connections recommended by M.P.s.

MR. SPEAKER : He needs some more information from the Ministry.

SHRI NIRMAL KANTI CHATTERJEE : I would like to know can it be that many of the recommendations by M.P.s could not be met because of the non-availability of any agency if different panchayats. Part (b) of the question is that if there is no agency within a population of 20,000 people, can an agency be advised to cover such a distance with the help of some small increase in the fares so that the supply is made to those people also. I would like to say that if there are recommendations from Members of Parliament, those recommendations shall be fulfilled in any case and no recommendation of a M.P. would be left unattended to, provided it is within the quota.

SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR : Sir, all the recommendations regarding LPG by M.P.s are being taken care of by the Ministry. We have a computerised list of the number of recommendations given by each M.P. and the number which has already been allotted and what remains in the quota of each M.P...*(Interruptions)* I have not finished.

SHRI NIRMAL KANTI CHATTERJEE : We have received so many letters that our recommendations have not been fulfilled.

SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR : Please be patient. I have not finished. I was saying that the Ministry has computerised information of the number of applications recommended by each M.P. and the number of applications which have

the arrangements can certainly be made in the Ministry of Railways but then impartiality of inquiry should amply be demonstrated to the whole country. The Commissioner of Railway Safety has been kept outside the purview of the Ministry of Railways, just to heighten the credibility of inquiry.

[English]

SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: Has it come to the notice of his Ministry that sometimes it is so happening that the railway driver is made to work for nearly 24 hours and sometimes even more from signing off to signing on and that because of the fatigue, sometimes it leads to some accident? In view of these facts, will his Ministry issue suitable instructions so that the railway drivers are not subjected to such fatigues and strictly adhere to eight-hour work schedule?

SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA: The findings are presented from time to time. The Railway Ministry should take note of these findings. That is what we expect. But as far as 24-hour working is concerned, I think, it is for the Railway Minister to answer that.

[Translation]

SHRI DAU DAYAL JOSHI: Mr. Speaker, Sir, through you, I would like to know from the hon. Minister, whether it is correct that the Commissioner of Railway Safety suggested to the Department for the renewal of the railway track from Nagda to Ratlam on Western Railway because of its dilapidated state and if so, then what action has been taken thereon?

MR. SPEAKER: No, Mr. Joshi, it is a separate question.

SHRI DAU DAYAL JOSHI: Mr. Speaker, Sir, report of the Commissioner of Railway Safety mentions...

MR. SPEAKER: No, Mr. Joshi. There is one other organisation for railway safety and when accident takes place, that organisation conducts an inquiry into the causes of accident. That is why your question is not concerned with it.

SHRI DAU DAYAL JOSHI: Mr. Speaker, Sir, due to overageing of railway

track, train accidents occur every now and then. I would like to know what remedial steps are being taken by Government to improve this section of Western Railway.

[English]

SHRI M.O.H. FAROOK: I do not think we have any answer for that.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

[Translation]

Nainpur divisional office

*468. **SHRI MOHAN LAL JHIKRAM:** Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether full staff has been provided in the office of Assistant Divisional Railway Manager at Nainpur, if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;

(b) whether the recent rail accident near Shikara was on account of inadequate staff in Nainpur; and

(c) the time by which adequate staff is likely to be given to that office?

THE MINISTER OF RAILWAYS (SHRI C.K. JAFFER SHARIEF): (a) Yes, Sir. Three ministerial staff and one Group 'D' staff has been provided for the office of Additional Divisional Railway Manager at Nainpur.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

[English]

Appraisal of functioning of department of non-conventional energy sources

*469. **SHRI BALRAJ PASSI:**
SHRI PRABHU DAYAL
KATHERIA:

Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether attention of the Government has been drawn to the news item captioned "CAG raps DNES on expenditure" appearing in the Hindustan Times dated July 22, 1991;

(b) if so, the facts thereof;

(c) the number of officials found guilty in this regard; and

(d) the steps taken or proposed to be

[Translation]

LPG connections in Madhya Pradesh

3473. SHRI PHOOL CHAND VERMA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of applicants registered for LPG so far in various towns of Madhya Pradesh; and

(b) the time by which LPG connections are likely to be issued to them?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) and (b) As on 1.4.91 there were 3.38 lakhs Persons on the waiting list in Madhya Pradesh. Efforts are on to give LPG connections to as many applicants as possible in Madhya Pradesh.

[English]

Refining of crude oil produced from Cauvery basin

3474. SHRI C. SRINIVASAN: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have worked out any plan for refining the crude oil produced from the oil wells in Cauvery basin; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) M/s Madras Refineries Limited is setting up a 0.5 MMTPA crude distillation unit at Panangudi village in Thanjavur District at a cost of Rs.114.30 crores.

Cost of Power Projects

3475. SHRIMATI BASAVARAJESWARI: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the devaluation of the rupee has pushed up the cost of power projects substantially both in Central and State sectors;

(b) if so, the extent of increase; and

(c) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to meet the escalation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The impact of recent depreciation in the value of Rupee is likely to be over Rs. 6400 Crores.

(c) This aspect would be kept in view while finalising the Eighth Five Year Plan (1992—97).

Chandil Thermal Power Plant

3476. SHRI SURYA NARAYAN SINGH: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Chandil Thermal Power Project in Bihar is pending for approval;

(b) if so, the reasons for delay in according approval; and

(c) the time by which the approval is likely to be accorded?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) to (c) The proposal for setting up 2x250 MW Thermal Power Plant by M/s RPG Enterprises Ltd. in Singhbhum dist. of Bihar was received in the Central Electricity Authority in January, 1991. Inputs such as coal linkage, compliance of Sec. 29 of Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948, and clearance from Environment and Forests are yet to be tied up. The proposal would be taken up for techno-economic appraisal of CEA as soon as these inputs are tied up.

Setting up of Coal Stockyard at Vijayawada

3477. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received any representation for setting up a coal stockyard at Vijayawada for effectively and timely serving of the consumers in and around the district;

(b) if so, the action taken thereon; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI S.B. NYAMAGOUDA): (a) to (c) The Government does not seem to have received any specific representation for setting up of a coal stockyard at

Vijayawada. However, the policy of setting up of stockyards by Coal India Ltd. is under review due to complaints against their functioning. Any proposals received from State Government agencies to set up and run coal stockyards will be considered on merits of each case.

[Translation]

LPG Agencies and Petrol/Diesel retail outlets in Bihar

3478. SHRI SIMON MARANDI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) the district-wise number of LPG agencies in Bihar;

(b) whether the number of gas agencies in Santhal Pargana and Chhotanagpur Commissionery of Bihar is very few and whether in many town no gas agency has been opened;

(c) if so, whether the Government propose to set up gas agencies and petrol/diesel retail outlets in these towns of Santhal Pargana;

(d) if so, the action being taken in this regard; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) As on 1.4.91 there were 141 LPG distributorships in Bihar.

(b) to (e) New LPG distributorships and retail outlet dealerships are allotted based on various factors including the population of towns, volume/distance norms, economic viability, marketing plans and policy from time to time.

[English]

Development of stations in Varanasi district

3479. SHRI ANAND RATNA MAURYA: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal for the development and beautification of the different stations in Varanasi district;

(b) if so, the station-wise details thereof;

(c) the amount spent on maintenance

of each station in this district during last three years; and

(d) the amount proposed to be spent during 1991-92?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI MALLIKARJUN): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Statistics of expenditure on maintenance are not kept station-wise or district-wise;

(d) No station-wise amount is fixed for maintenance. Expenditure is incurred as necessitated by the condition of the station.

Pilferage of Goods in Maharashtra

3480. SHRI UDAYSINGRAO GAIKWAD: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a large number of wagons loaded with goods, especially of pig iron and coal are reported to have been lost in transit in Maharashtra;

(b) whether such complaints have also been received by the railways from the public;

(c) if so, the action taken thereon; and

(d) the amount paid to the claimants during 1990-91 and 1991-92 and the claims due as on date?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI MALLIKARJUN): (a) and (b) Some complaints of non-delivery of coal and pig iron consignments for destinations in Maharashtra have been received.

(c) Consignments were traced and delivered or match adjustment was made failing which compensation was paid.

(d) During 1990-91—Rs.30.26 lakhs was paid as compensation to the claimants. During 1991-92, no payment has been made so far. 44 claims including 43 pertaining to coal and one pertaining to pig iron are pending disposal at present.

each unit/division/service activity of ITDC annually?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) The credit policy of ITDC inter-alia includes granting of credit facility to its clients upto a period ranging from 30 days to 60 days.

(b) Separate figures for credit sales are not maintained unit/division/service activity wise. Category/client wise percentages of outstanding as on 31.3.1991 on the basis of provisional figures for the year 1990-91 are as given below:—

Name of the category/client	Amount outstanding as on 31.3.91 (Prov.)	Client wise outstanding %age to outstanding
	(Rs. in crores)	
Government Departments/ Government Companies	15.77	60.72
Travel Agents	4.76	18.33
Licencees	1.57	6.05
Private Companies including airlines, individuals and guest ledger accounts	3.87	14.90
	25.97	100.00

Manuguru Thermal Power Plant

3604. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE:
DR. D. VENKATESWARA RAO:

Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to set up a thermal power station at Manuguru in Andhra Pradesh; and

(b) if so, the time by which the project is likely to be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) Yes, Sir. The proposal envisages construction of two units of 500 MW each.

(b) The project will require tie-up in respect of coal linkage and finance as well as clearance from environmental angle. The first 500 MW unit is programmed for commissioning in five years

from the date of award of main plant equipment.

Amount spent by ONGC on KG Basin

3605. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) the amount spent by the Oil and Natural Gas Commission (ONGC) on both onshore and offshore explorations in Krishna-Godavari basin during 1990-91; and

(b) the estimated amounts of oil that may be available in Krishna-Godavari basin?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) Rs.171.93 crores.

(b) As on January 1, 1991, the total recoverable reserves were estimated to be about 17 million metric tonnes.

Modernisation and renovation of Pumpsets

3606. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether as part of energy conservation programme, there is any proposal for the modernisation and renovation of pumpsets to make them more efficient;

(b) if so, the details of the scheme and the cost involved; and

(c) the present stage of implementation of stage of this scheme with particular reference to Andhra Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) to (c) Depending upon the availability of resources and the technical viability, the proposals received from the State Electricity Boards and other organisations, regarding the rectification of agricultural pumpsets with a view to make them energy efficient, are considered by the Government for assistance. About 75,000 electrically operated pumpsets have already been rectified in the States of Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Haryana, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Tamil

Nadu and Maharashtra with financial assistance from the Central Government. The rectification undertaken are both partial (replacement of footvalve, suction and delivery pipes) and complete (replacement of monoblock pumps, piping system, footvalves etc.). In Andhra Pradesh, 8175 energy inefficient electrical pumpsets have been rectified with the Central assistance during the period April, 1985 to March, 1991. The average cost of partial rectification is about Rs. 1750 per pumpset, and the cost of complete rectification has varied from Rs. 6000 to Rs. 12,000 per pumpset depending upon the size of the pumpset and the pipes to be replaced.

Announcements at Hyderabad Airport

3607. SHRI SOBHANADREESWARA RAO VADDE: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether announcements at Hyderabad Airport are being made in English, Hindi and not in Telugu which is the official language of the State;

(b) the policy laid down in respect of use of languages for announcements;

(c) whether any instruction will be issued to introduce Telugu announcement also at Hyderabad Airport; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) Announcements at Hyderabad airport are being made in Telugu also.

(b) to (d) Do not arise.

[*Translation*]

Electrification of Tribal areas of Bihar

3608. SHRI SIMON MARANDI: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether any progress has been made in the electrification of the tribal areas of Bihar; and

(b) when the full electrification of tribal areas is likely to be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI

KALP NATH RAI): (a) As per the available information, out of 17,250 tribal villages in Bihar, 7,383 villages have been electrified by the end of March, 1991.

(b) The priorities in regard to the villages to be taken up for electrification within the plan allocation are decided by the State Government. The Bihar State Electricity Board proposes to electrify 170 tribal villages during 1991-92.

Rehabilitation of DVC Land Oustees

3609. SHRI SIMON MARANDI: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) the number of persons whose land had been acquired for constructing Mithen, Punchet and Chandrapura dam by the Damodar Valley Corporation;

(b) the number of land oustees out of them who have been provided employment in this corporation, category-wise;

(c) the number of persons who are yet to get employment and the amount of compensation paid for the maintenance of such families;

(d) the number of families who have neither been provided employment nor compensation so far; and

(e) whether the Government propose to take any action in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) For the construction of Maithon and Panchet Dams and Chandrapura Power Station, land was acquired from 5211 families (28030 members), 10339 families (41461 members) and 480 families (829 members), respectively.

(b) to (e) At the time of acquisition of land, every land loser was paid cash compensation or given land in lieu thereof. Jobs were also provided to the members of such oustee families who were capable and interested. No record of such employment was kept separately. Since 1978, however, record of employment given to descendants of oustees is being maintained by DVC, according to which 338 persons claiming to be de-